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THE MANY COLORS OF CHAMELEON: BUILDING A RECONFIGURABLE TESTBED FOR SYSTEMS RESEARCH

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May 9, 2019 Barcelona Supercomputing Center seminar

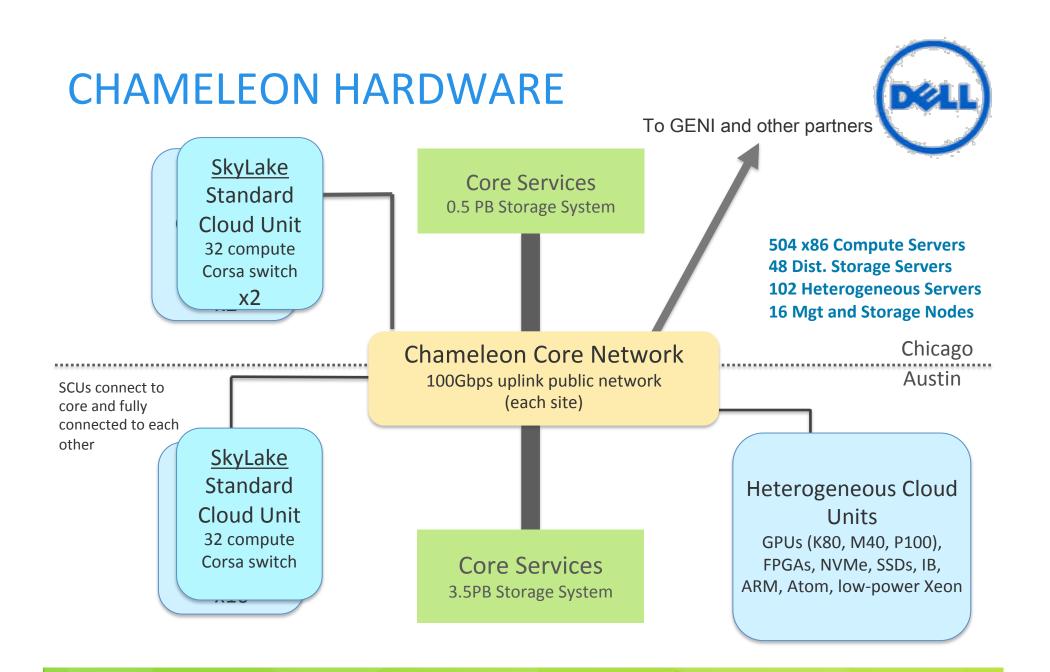
SEPTEMBER 17, 2019



CHAMELEON IN A NUTSHELL

Deeply reconfigurable: "As close as possible to having it in your lab"

- Deep reconfigurability (bare metal) and isolation
- Power on/off, reboot from custom kernel, serial console access, etc.
- But also modest KVM cloud for ease of use
- Combining large-scale and diversity: "Big Data, Big Compute research"
 - Large-scale: ~large homogenous partition (~15,000 cores), 5 PB of storage distributed over 2 sites connected with 100G network...
 - …and diverse: ARMs, Atoms, FPGAs, GPUs, Corsa switches, etc.
 - **Coming soon**: more storage, more accelerators
- Blueprint for a sustainable production testbed: "cost-effective to deploy, operate, and enhance"
 - Powered by OpenStack with bare metal reconfiguration (Ironic)
 - Chameleon team contribution recognized as official OpenStack component
- Open, collaborative, production testbed for Computer Science Research
 - Started in 10/2014, testbed available since 07/2015, renewed in 10/2017
 - Currently 3,000+ users, 450+ projects, 100+ institutions

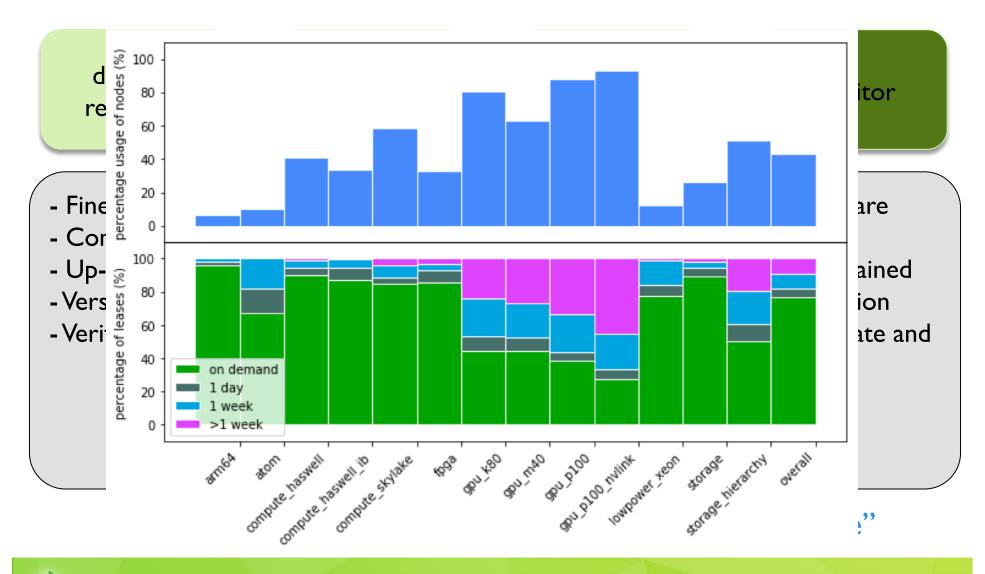




CHAMELEON HARDWARE (DETAILS)

- "Start with large-scale homogenous partition"
 - 12 Haswell Standard Cloud Units (48 node racks), each with 42 Dell R630 compute servers with dual-socket Intel Haswell processors (24 cores) and 128GB RAM and 4 Dell FX2 storage servers with 16 2TB drives each; Force10 s6000 OpenFlow-enabled switches 10Gb to hosts, 40Gb uplinks to Chameleon core network
 - 2 SkyLake Standard Cloud Units (32 node racks); Corsa (DP2400 & DP2200) switches, 100Gb ulpinks to Chameleon core network
 - Allocations can be an entire rack, multiple racks, nodes within a single rack or across racks (e.g., storage servers across racks forming a Hadoop cluster)
- Shared infrastructure
 - 3.6 + 0.5 PB global storage, 100Gb Internet connection between sites
- "Graft on heterogeneous features"
 - Infiniband with SR-IOV support, High-mem, NVMe, SSDs, GPUs (22 nodes), FPGAs (4 nodes)
 - ARM microservers (24) and Atom microservers (8), low-power Xeons (8)
- Coming soon: more nodes (CascadeLake), and more accelerators

REQUIREMENTS FOR EXPERIMENTAL WORKFLOW

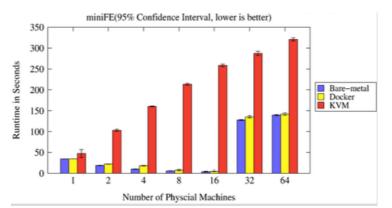


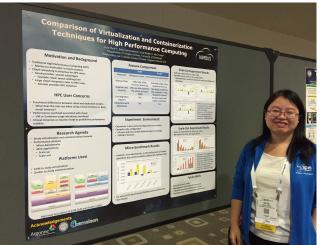
NEWEST CAPABILITIES

- Networking:
 - Multi-tenant networking allows users to provision isolated L2 VLANs and manage their own IP address space (since Fall 2017)
 - Stitching dynamic VLANs from Chameleon to external partners (ExoGENI, ScienceDMZs) (since Fall 2017)
 - VLANs + AL2S connection between UC and TACC for 100G experiments (since Spring 2018)
 - BYOC– Bring Your Own Controller: isolated user controlled virtual OpenFlow switches (since Summer 2018)
- And many others: new lease management features, multiregion configuration, power consumption metrics, whole disk image boot for ARM nodes, serial console access, appliances, upgrades, usability improvements, etc.

VIRTUALIZATION OR CONTAINERIZATION?

- Yuyu Zhou, University of Pittsburgh
- Research: lightweight virtualization
- Testbed requirements:
 - Bare metal reconfiguration, isolation, and serial console access
 - The ability to "save your work"
 - Support for large scale experiments
 - Up-to-date hardware

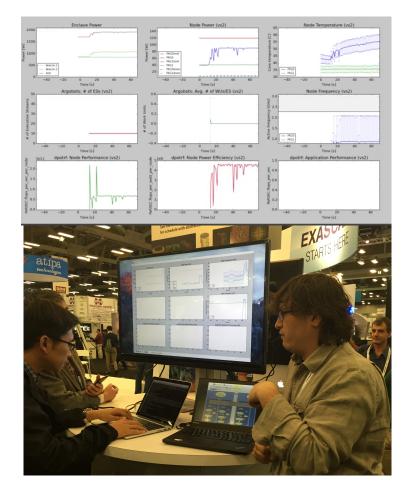




SCI5 Poster: "Comparison of Virtualization and Containerization Techniques for HPC"

EXASCALE OPERATING SYSTEMS

- Swann Perarnau, ANL
- Research: exascale operating systems
- Testbed requirements:
 - Bare metal reconfiguration
 - Boot from custom kernel with different kernel parameters
 - Fast reconfiguration, many different images, kernels, params
 - Hardware: accurate information and control over changes, performance counters, many cores
 - Access to same infrastructure for multiple collaborators



HPPAC'16 paper: "Systemwide Power Management with Argo"

CLASSIFYING CYBERSECURITY ATTACKS

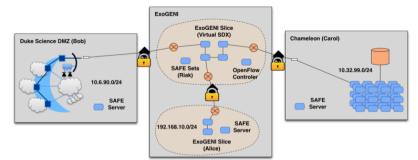
- Jessie Walker & team, University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff (UAPB)
- Research: modeling and visualizing multi-stage intrusion attacks (MAS)
- Testbed requirements:
 - Easy to use OpenStack installation
 - A selection of pre-configured images
 - Access to the same infrastructure for multiple collaborators





CREATING DYNAMIC SUPERFACILITIES

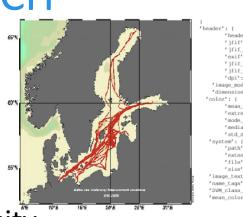
- NSF CICI SAFE, Paul Ruth, RENCI-UNC Chapel Hill
- Creating trusted facilities
 - Automating trusted facility creation
 - Virtual Software Defined Exchange (SDX)
 - Secure Authorization for Federated Environments (SAFE)
- Testbed requirements
 - Creation of dynamic VLANs and wide-area circuits
 - Support for slices and network stitching
 - Managing complex deployments

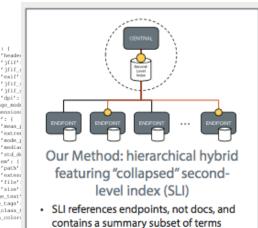




DATA SCIENCE RESEARCH

- ACM Student Research **Competition semi-finalists:**
 - Blue Keleher, University of Maryland
 - Emily Herron, Mercer University
- Searching and image extraction in research repositories
- Testbed requirements:
 - Access to distributed storage in various configurations
 - State of the art GPUs
 - Easy to use appliances and complex deployments





- + Some storage burden on endpoints, but still very low per endpoint
- + Lower storage burden on central servers



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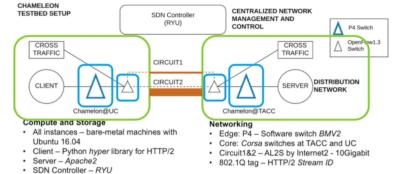
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ADAPTIVE BITRATE VIDEO STREAMING

- Divyashri Bhat, UMass Amherst
- Research: application header based traffic engineering using P4
- Testbed requirements:
 - Distributed testbed facility
 - BYOC the ability to write an SDN controller specific to the experiment
 - Multiple connections between distributed sites
- https://vimeo.com/297210055



Cross Traffic – Iperf3



LCN'18: "Application-based QoS support with P4 and OpenFlow"

BUILDING AN ECOSYSTEM

Helping hardware providers interact

- Bring Your Own Hardware (BYOH)
- CHI-in-a-Box: deploy your own Chameleon site

Helping scientists interact

- Leveraging the common denominator
- Integrating tools for experiment management
- Making reproducibility easier
- Facilitating sharing

CHI-IN-A-BOX

CHI-in-a-box: packaging a commodity-based testbed

- CHI-in-a-box scenarios
 - Testbed extension: join the Chameleon testbed: generalize and package + define operations models
 - Part-time extension: define and implement contribution models
 - New testbed: generalize policies
- Understanding the support cost model
- Available since Summer 2018
- New Associate Site at Northwestern!
 - Nodes with 100G network cards



REPRODUCIBILITY DILEMMA

Should I invest in making my experiments repeatable?



Should I invest in more new research instead?

Reproducibility as side-effect: lowering the cost of repeatable research

- Example: Linux "history" command
- From a meandering scientific process to a recipe
- Reproducibility by default: documenting the process via interactive papers

REPEATABILITY MECHANISMS IN CHAMELEON

Testbed versioning (collaboration with Grid'5000)

- Based on representations and tools developed by G5K
- >50 versions since public availability and counting
- Still working on: better firmware version management
- Appliance management
 - Configuration, versioning, publication
 - Appliance meta-data via the appliance catalog
 - Orchestration via OpenStack Heat
- Monitoring and logging

However... the user still has to keep track of this information

KEEPING TRACK OF EXPERIMENTS

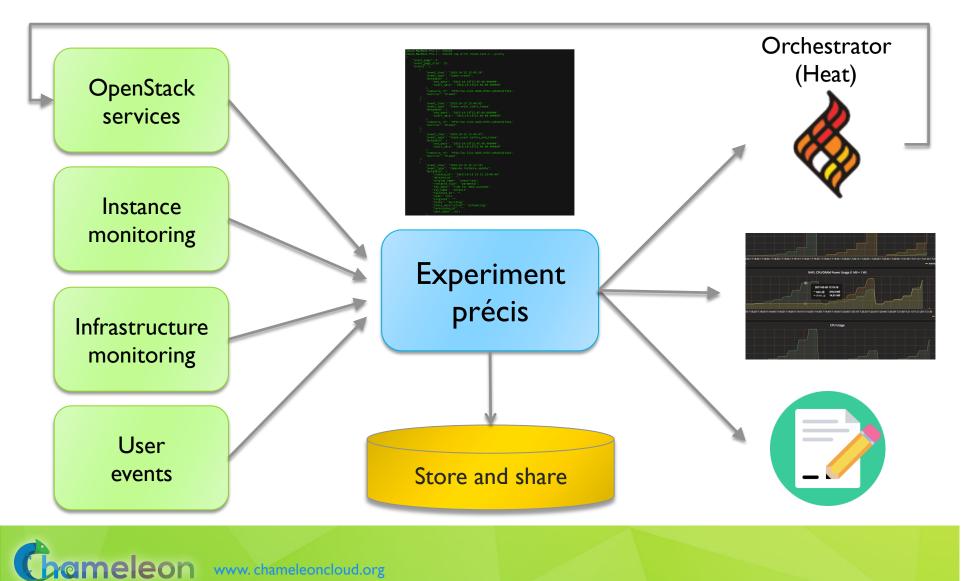
Everything in a testbed is a recorded event

- The resources you used
- The appliance/image you deployed
- The monitoring information your experiment generated

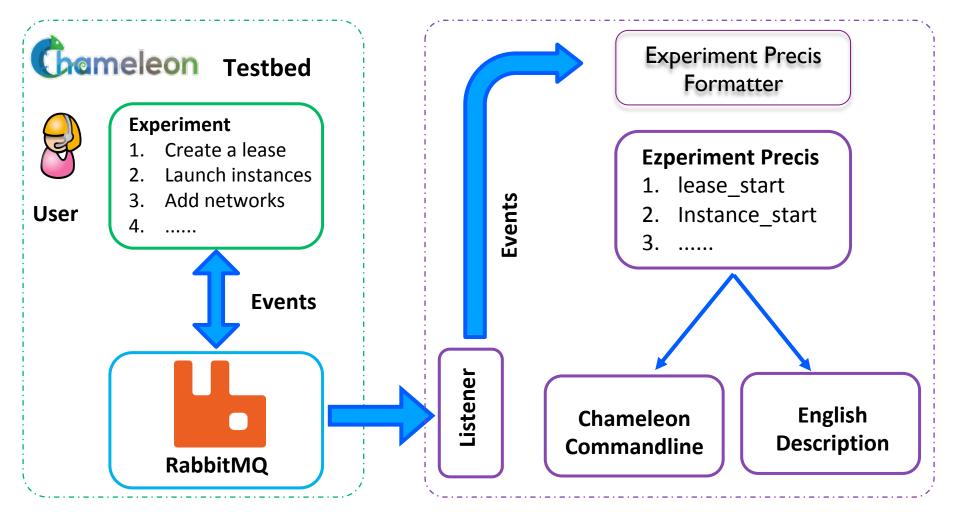
Plus any information you choose to share with us: e.g., "start power_exp_23" and "stop power_exp_23"

Experiment précis: information about your experiment made available in a "consumable" form

REPEATABILITY: EXPERIMENT PRÉCIS



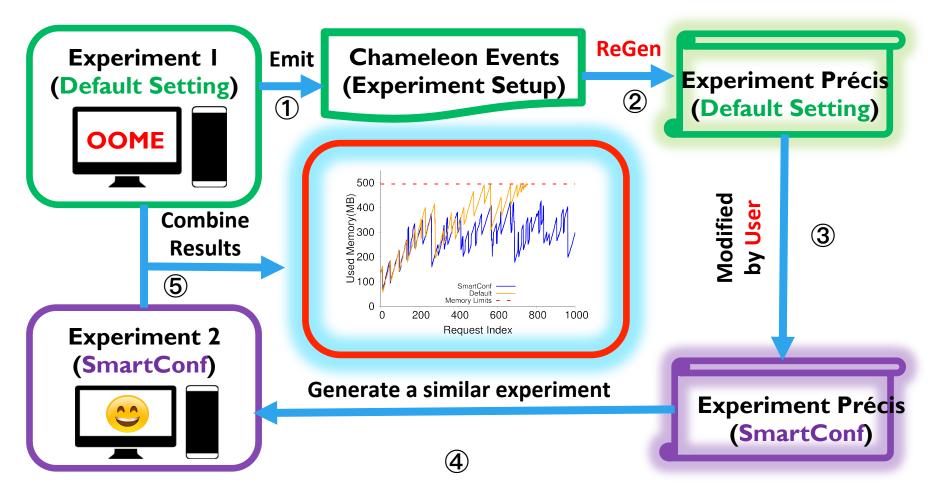
EXPERIMENT PRÉCIS IMPLEMENTATION



Come see our SCI8 poster: "Reproducibility as Side-Effect"



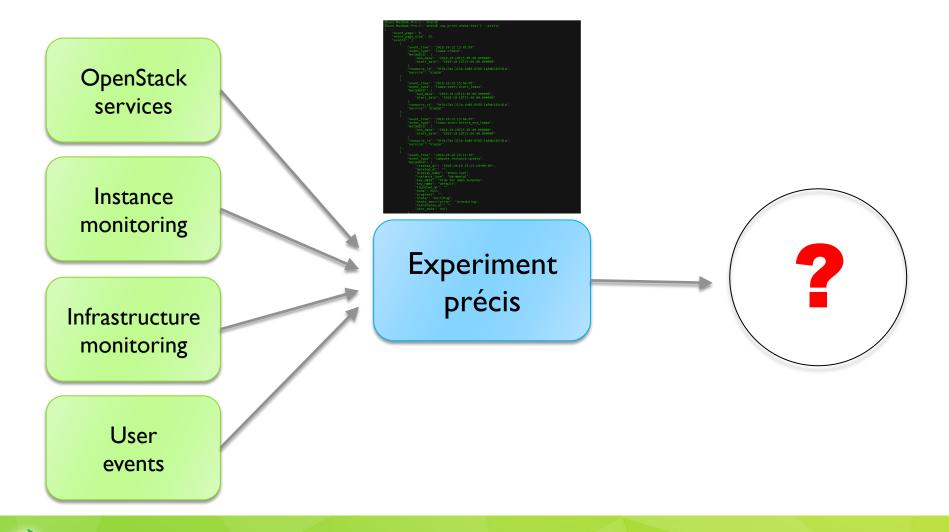
EXPERIMENT PRÉCIS: A CASE STUDY



Based on Wang et al., Understanding and Auto-Adjusting Performance-Sensitive Configurations. ASPLOS, 2018



REPEATABILITY: EXPERIMENT PRÉCIS

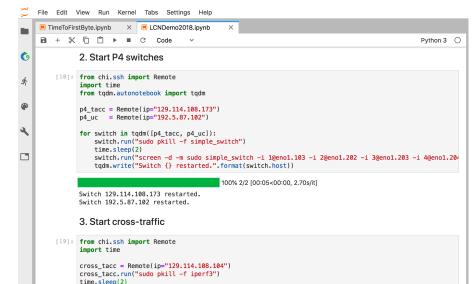


ACTIVE PAPERS: WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO DOCUMENT A PROCESS?

- Requirements
 - Easy to work with: human readable/modifiable format
 - Integrates well with ALL aspects of experiment management
 - Bit by bit replay allows for bit by bit modification (and introspection) as well element of interactivity
 - Support story telling: allows you to explain your experiment design and methodology choices
 - Has a direct relationship to the actual paper that gets written
 - Can be version controlled
 - Sustainable, a popular open source choice
- Implementation options
 - Orchestrators: Heat, the dashboard, and OpenStack Flame
 - Notebooks: Jupyter, Nextjournal

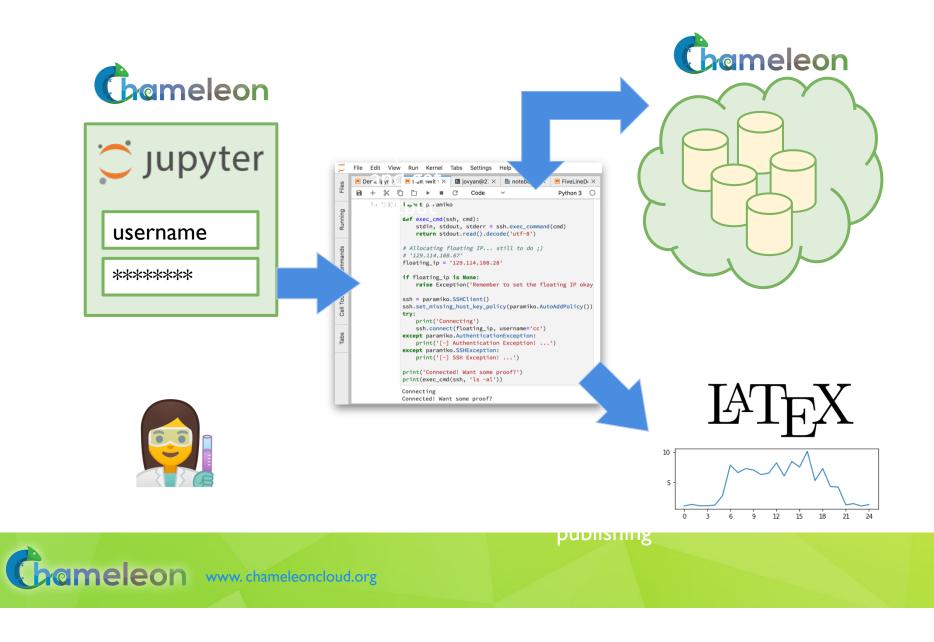
COMBINING THE EASE OF NOTEBOOKS AND THE POWER OF A SHARED PLATFORM

- Combining Jupyter with Chameleon
 - Storytelling with Jupyter: ideas/text, process/code, results
 - Chameleon shared experimental platform
- Chameleon/Jupyter integration
 - Alternative interface
 - All the main testbed functions
 - "Hello World" template
 - Save&share via object store and github integration
- Screencast of a complex experiment

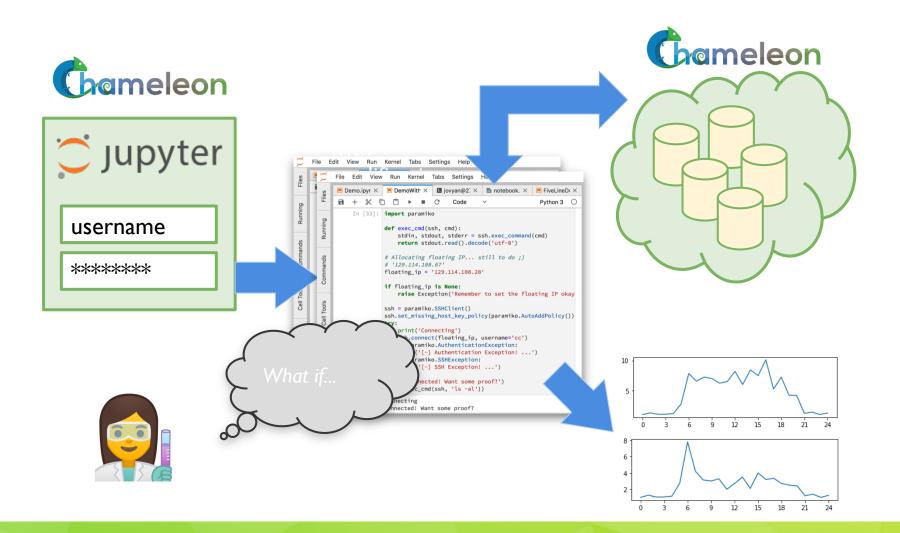


https://vimeo.com/297210055

JUPYTER ON CHAMELEON



JUPYTER ON CHAMELEON



PARTING THOUGHTS

- Physical environment: Chameleon is a rapidly evolving experimental platform
 - Originally: "Adapts to the needs of your experiment"
 - But also: "Adapts to the changing research frontier"
- Ecosystem: a meeting place of users sharing resources and research
 - Testbeds are more than just experimental platforms
 - Common/shared platform is a "common denominator" that can eliminate much complexity that goes into systematic experimentation, sharing, and reproducibility
- Get engaged: www.chameleoncloud.org



www.chameleoncloud.org

Questions?

www.chameleoncloud.org

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